Awareness for Cyclone / Storm

The actions that need to be taken in the event of a cyclone threat can broadly be divided into four classes, viz.,

- i) Immediately before the cyclone season.
- ii) When cyclone alerts and warnings are on.
- iii) When evacuations are advised and
- iv) When the cyclone has crossed the coast.

Before the Cyclone season:

- •Check the house; secure loose tiles, carry out repair works for doors and windows
- •Remove dead woods or dying trees close to the house; anchor removable objects like lumber piles, loose tinsheds, loose bricks, garbage cans, sign-boards etc. which can fly in strong winds
- •Keep some wooden boards ready so that glass windows can be boarded if needed
- •Keep a hurricane lantern filled with kerosene, battery operated torches and enough dry cells
- Demolish condemned buildings
- •Keep some extra batteries for transistors
- •Keep some dry non-perishable food always ready for emergency use

When the Cyclone starts

- Listen to the radio (All India Radio stations give weather warnings).
- •Keep monitoring the warnings. This will help you to prepare for a cyclone emergency.
- •Pass on the information to others.
- •Ignore rumours and do not spread them; this will help to avoid panic situations.
- Believe in the official information
- •When a cyclone alert is on for your area continue normal working but stay alert to the radio warnings.
- •Remember that a cyclone alert means that the danger is within 24 hours. Stay alert.

- •When your area is under cyclone warning get away from low-lying beaches or other low-lying areas close to the coast
- •Leave early before your way to high ground or shelter gets flooded
- •Do not delay and run the risk of being marooned
- •If your house is securely built on high ground take shelter in the safer part of the house. However, if asked to evacuate do not hesitate to leave the place.
- •Board up glass windows or put storm shutters in place.
- •Provide strong suitable support for outside doors.
- •If you do not have wooden boards handy, paste paper strips on glasses to prevent splinters. However, this may not avoid breaking windows.
- •Get extra food, which can be eaten without cooking. Store extra drinking water in suitably covered vessels.
- •If you are to evacuate the house move your valuable articles to upper floors to minimize flood damage.
- •Have hurricane lantern, torches or other emergency lights in working conditions and keep them handy.
- •Small and loose things, which can fly in strong winds, should be stored safely in a room.
- •Be sure that a window and door can be opened only on the side opposite to the one facing the wind.
- •Make provision for children and adults requiring special diets.
- •If the centre of the cyclone is passing directly over your house there will be a lull in the wind and rain lasting for half and hour or so. During this time do not go out; because immediately after that very strong winds will blow from the opposite direction.
- •Switch off electrical mains in your house.
- Remain calm.

When Evacuation is instructed:

- •Pack essentials for yourself and your family to last you a few days, including medicines, special foods for babies and children or elders.
- •Head for the proper shelter or evacuation points indicated for your area.
- •Do not worry about your property

- •At the shelter follow instructions of the person in charge.
- •Remain in the shelter until you have been informed to leave Post-cyclone measures

You should remain in the shelter until informed that you can return to your home.

- •You must get inoculated against diseases immediately.
- •Strictly avoid any loose and dangling wires from the lamp posts.
- •If you are to drive, drive carefully.
- •Clear debris from your premises immediately.
- •Report the correct loss to appropriate authorities.